

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED AT
PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE,
Green Street, between Third and Fourth.
S. D. PRENTICE, Editors.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1863.

GENERAL WHITAKER.—This gallant officer passed through our city a day or two ago on his way to his seat in the Senate at Frankfort. We congratulate him on his extraordinary escape from the danger of the terrible battles in Tennessee, and, on behalf of Kentuckians and of patriots everywhere, we take the liberty to thank him for his dauntless and brilliant conduct in those most desperate engagements. He deserves the gratitude and admiration of the whole country.

General Whitaker is one of the heroes of this war. Entering the service as a Colonel, and joining the Army of the Cumberland with his regiment, he has participated in all the battles of that victorious army, from Shiloh to Ringgold, and in every one of the long and shining list his plume, like the white feather of Navarre, has been over found upon the road to honor and glory. In recognition of his services at Shiloh and at Stones River, the Government placed the star upon his shoulder. To those splendid services he has since added services even more conspicuous at Chickamauga, at Look-out, at Missionary Ridge, and at Ringgold. His part in the storming of Look-out Mountain, if faithfully presented by history, will be in itself an eternal heritage of fame. Surely the Government in placing another star upon his shoulder would evince but a just recognition of these additional services and of the three glorious total of his achievements in the war. Several months ago, when General Whitaker was yet a Colonel, we took occasion to say, in noticing his services as an officer, that he richly deserved to be a Major-General. Certainly his heroic achievements at Chickamauga and Look-out and Missionary Ridge and Ringgold are not adapted to lower our estimate of his merits. Nor can we believe the Government will voluntarily withhold from such achievements the recognition which is due to them and due to the Republic.

The success of the radicals in the Fall elections has produced in the radical councils the effect we foresaw, emboldening the party to throw off the mask, and avow the policy of imposing conditions on the return of the revolting States, instead of keeping on the mask, and disavowing this policy, while all the time carrying it out by the moral and physical force of the government. The latter course, which the party had already tried with fail encouragement, would have been the smarter, though the former is not perhaps the honestest but the bolder. The comparative honesty of the two is pretty well exhibited by a short colloquy between a brace of vagabonds whom we notice in one of our exchanges. "Say, Bill, Jim's in jail for stealing a horse." "Served him right. Why didn't he buy one and never pay for it; like any other gentelman?" The radicals, elated by their success last Fall, have resolved to steal the horse, instead of buying it without ever paying for it. They have determined henceforward to rob instead of swindling. If, like Jim in the colloquy, they find themselves next November in jail, the moral of the colloquy will be the moral of their experience, and it will require in that event no great stretch of imagination to figure some radical Bill driving the moral home in the very style of the Bill in the colloquy. We think indeed the President has in his Cabinet a gentleman whose disposition would fill the bill as happily as his Christian name.

The result of the Fall elections presented to our minds a double aspect of hopefulness. This aspect was the probable tendency of the result to make the radicals cautious, begatting audacity and division, and at the same time to make the conservatives cautious, begatting moderation and union. The radical side of this tendency is partly realized and is in the course of full realization. Now, let the conservative side of the tendency be fully realized, and the radical party will bite the dust in the Presidential election next year. Let the conservatives but learn the lesson of true harmony taught by the result, and they will pluck from defeat the mightiest victory of the time. Conservatives of the country! we call upon you to master this vital lesson, as you hope to rescue the government from the wide-stretching jaws of destruction.

VOLUNTEERS.—The Governor of Kentucky, in his proclamation under the President's call for 300,000 volunteers, said:

The propitious due from each county, to equalize the service from the commencement of the war, will be required to furnish its allotment either in volunteers or conscripts.

This promise has been kept; and the reader will find in our advertising columns the order of the Adjutant General making known the quota of each county of the Commonwealth.

In such case, the result will be that each county will be required to furnish its allotment either in volunteers or conscripts.

Now let each county at once go to work vigorously to fill up its quota. "Each county," says the Governor, "will be required to furnish its allotment either in volunteers or conscripts." Which shall it be? This is the question each county must consider and determine for itself by the fifth of January next. The case in its full bearings is well presented in the order of the Adjutant General, to which we refer all concerned.

The several counties embraced in the list should take immediate action, with the view of furnishing their respective allotments in volunteers. Let no county risk the humiliation of furnishing its allotment in conscripts. There is, says the Frankfort Commonwealth, "a disagreeable apathy on the subject of volunteering in Kentucky, and, unless something is done to revive the cause, our state, that never held back before, will be subject to the mortification of a draft. The short time for volunteering is rapidly drawing to a close. If our quota is not filled by the 5th day of January, then the draft is unavoidable—no further indulgence can be granted. The troops ought to be raised, and that speedily, and would be if every county and section would do but half its duty by bringing into action the proper influences. The inducements held out are more liberal than ever before been offered, and, if the war ends as soon as many hope it will, our young men, many of them, will do better in the army than many of them now doing, or can do out of it. We hope something will be done to stir up the proper feeling in this county." The commonwealth here exhibits a just and laudable solicitude, which we trust is felt also by every patriot in the State.

Of course each county should take the action best adapted to the condition of the country and the magnitude of its quota. The county of Franklin, we observe, has called a public meeting to consider the matter, the call announcing that "a subscription will be taken to provide for additional bounty, as an incentive to men to volunteer who could not be so easily suitably remunerated so as to support those dependent upon them in their absence." We mention this as an example, needless the meeting in question, which assembled on Wednesday, has adopted measures that will secure the county of Franklin from the fortification of a draft. We recommend other counties to follow the example of Franklin, and meet in public council, to consider and adopt the best means of securing a like exhortation. And we appeal to the leading men of the several counties to see to it that such feelings are promptly held, and that volunteering is promoted by all other means at the command of the inhabitants. The subjects of grave national, state, and individual concern. It cannot be overlooked excusably prudently. "It behoves every man in Kentucky," as the Adjutant-General says with force and eloquence, "to labor for the accomplishment of this common good, so as to enlist enough recruits sufficient to obviate

the draft, which is sure to follow if we are deficient in this day. Let every one lend himself to this patriotic purpose—let every neighborhood respond in the most triumphant manner to this great moral and physical obligation. Let every county determine to be among the first to satisfy this demand of justice, equality, and law. Those noble districts which have made records so proud as to exempt them from the requirements of this order, may spite this history is still brighter colors by continuing their contributions to our ranks. Let it be remembered that, in some manner, our quota must be raised—that volunteers receive large bounties and drafted men receive none—that for every new recruit returned to the Post, Marshal \$15, and for every one who has served nine months \$25 will be paid the party pronouncing him; that to the fifth of January, 1864, only given the privilege of filling our quota by voluntary enlistments, and that then will follow an inexorable draft bearing in its train neither bounty nor honor." We cannot doubt that these considerations, so impressively set forth, will prove as effective as they are true.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,
General
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND BANKERS,
No. 1 Hanover Buildings, Hanover Square,
New York.
WILLIAM WADDELL, Proprietor.

NOTICE.
TO DEPOSITORS!!

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE I WILL PAY SIX PER CENT INTEREST ON DEPOSITS FOR A SPECIFIED TIME AND FOUR PER CENT ON THOSE SUBJECT TO TEN DAYS' NOTICE OF WITHDRAWAL.

A. BLAND, Banker,
No. 403 Main street.

SABLE,
MINK,
STONE
MARTEN,
FITCH,
SQUIRREL.

A very large stock of:

FURS
For the Holidays

At Lower Prices than they can be Bought for in New York

AT

GREEN & GREEN'S,
Corner Main and Fourth.

NEW ARRIVAL
LADIES AND CHILDREN'S

FURS
AT
PRATHER & SMITH'S,
Cordwainer of

HUDSON'S BAY SABLE,
MINK SABLE,
GERMAN AND RUSSIAN FITCH,
NATURAL AND COL'D RIVER MINK,
FRENCH SABLE,

LYNX AND GENET,
BUFFALO, WOLF, & GENET ROBES,
AND FUR COLLARS AND GLOVES.

EXTRA MUDDS AND CUFFS
From \$1.50 to \$10.
47120

F. H. HEGAN

(Old House of HEGAN & ESTATE),
411 MAIN ST., BET. FOOTHILL AND FIFTH,
Manufacturers of Gift Work and Dealer in French and American Window-Glass, Wall-Paper, Looking-Glasses, Engravings, Photograph and Ambrotype Materials.

MY STOCK OF PHOTOGRAPH AND AMBROTYPE IS AS LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED AS ANY IN THE COUNTRY. I HAVE A LARGE SELECTION OF THE RADICALS, COLORED AND UNCOLORED, TO WHICH I ADD THE LARGEST SELECTION OF THE AMERICAN AND ENGLISH. ADJUTANT GENERAL, AND OTHERS OF GREAT REPUTE. I AM LOCATED IN THE FIRST PUBLISHING HOUSES OF EUROPE AND AMERICA.

Particular attention is given to the framing of Portraits, Photographs, Engravings, etc.

MANUFACTURE OF
EXTRA MUDDS AND CUFFS
J. V. ESCOTT,
Of the late firm of HEGAN & ESCOTT,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Photograph & Ambrotype Apparatus,
Stock, & Chemicals, Photograph
Albums, Engravings, and
Artist's Materials.

MANUFACTURE OF
JEWLERY, COMBINES, PIER AND
MIRROR, ORNAMENTAL
COMPOSITION WORK.

31 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

J. V. ESCOTT informs his parsons and friends that his Firm is now fully manned and equipped with all the latest and most approved steam machinery for the manufacture of Extra Mudds and Cuffs, and for Gift Work of entirely new and beautiful designs. Photo-Materials and Photograph Albums the largest ever brought to this city.

W. E. HOWARD, New York,
Louisville, Ky., Late of H. H. Short & Co., N. O.
SNODDY & HOWARD,
Commission Merchants,

15 Broad street, will remain in Louisville and make up our shipments to the West until the office for the present at Snoddy, Gwynn, & Co.'s Show room.

WANTED,
SOUTHERN BANK OF KENTUCKY STOCK,
LOUISVILLE, KY., B. B. STOCK
PLATE AND UNION BANK, TENNESSEE
MONEY;
For which we will pay the highest price for
GOLD & LONG
Main st., bet. First and Second.

D. P. FAULDS'S,
223 Main st.,
BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD STS.,
Piano
Fortes,
Violins,
Guitars,
Flutes,
And other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS are BOUND
SELECTED NEW MUSIC, MUSICAL CHAMBERS,
GENERAL

BROWN & CO.,
General
NEWS DEALERS AND PACKERS
AND FORWARDERS
Cheap Publications,
18 College street,
NASHVILLE, TENN.

Postmasters will find it to their interest to deal with us, as we are General Agents, and furnish us all DAILY and WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS, MAGAZINES, &c., desired.

BROWN & CO.,
48 College et., Nashville, Tenn.
47 dim

EXHIBITION.
I AM APPOINTED BY THE BOARD OF ENROLLMENT FOR THIS DISTRICT TO ISSUE CERTIFICATES FOR THE EXHIBITION OF THE UNITED STATES, BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD.

GEORGE T. MITCHELL, Justice of the Peace.

WHITE SAND.
50 Main st., bet. Second and Third.
DARRELL & CO., Proprietors.

WHITE SAND wanted by John Tompkins, Sixth street.

BROWN & CO.,
48 College et., Nashville, Tenn.
47 dim

MISSING FROM MY RESIDENCE ON SIXTH
STREET, THE DEBATES OF CONGRESS,
SHALL PRINT THE DEBATES OF THIS SESSION
AT THE END OF EACH VOLUME, viz:
Congressional Globe and Appendix.
\$7.00 per volume.
JOHN C. RIVES,
Washington, December 1, 1863.

IMPORTANT TO DENTISTS!

A New and Harmless Anesthetic.

PROF. WALLACE, OF NEW YORK,
has taken rooms at the National Hotel,
and has a large collection of instruments, materia
rial, and apparatus for making the improved
anesthetic. The price is to be paid in advance
in completed payment. Those interested in
this new process are invited to call.

SAUNDERS.

20 REWARD.

MISSING FROM MY RESIDENCE ON SIXTH

STREET, THE DEBATES OF CONGRESS,
SHALL PRINT THE DEBATES OF THIS SESSION
AT THE END OF EACH VOLUME, viz:
Congressional Globe and Appendix.
\$7.00 per volume.
JOHN C. RIVES,
Washington, December 1, 1863.

SUNDRIES.

15 BRLMS PRIME RICE;

250 lbs choco. or New Orleans Sugar;

200 lbs Recd White ey.

400 lbs Spermaceti & Brandy S. Candles;

200 lbs Camphor Water;

100 dozen Butter Buckets;

150 packages Assorted Green and Black Tea;

Just received and for sale by

J. B. SIMPSON, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

SAUNDRIES.

15 BRLMS PRIME RICE;

250 lbs choco. or New Orleans Sugar;

200 lbs Recd White ey.

400 lbs Spermaceti & Brandy S. Candles;

200 lbs Camphor Water;

100 dozen Butter Buckets;

150 packages Assorted Green and Black Tea;

Just received and for sale by

J. B. SIMPSON, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

SAUNDRIES.

15 BRLMS PRIME RICE;

250 lbs choco. or New Orleans Sugar;

200 lbs Recd White ey.

400 lbs Spermaceti & Brandy S. Candles;

200 lbs Camphor Water;

100 dozen Butter Buckets;

150 packages Assorted Green and Black Tea;

Just received and for sale by

J. B. SIMPSON, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

SAUNDRIES.

15 BRLMS PRIME RICE;

250 lbs choco. or New Orleans Sugar;

200 lbs Recd White ey.

400 lbs Spermaceti & Brandy S. Candles;

200 lbs Camphor Water;

100 dozen Butter Buckets;

150 packages Assorted Green and Black Tea;

Just received and for sale by

J. B. SIMPSON, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

SAUNDRIES.

15 BRLMS PRIME RICE;

250 lbs choco. or New Orleans Sugar;

200 lbs Recd White ey.

400 lbs Spermaceti & Brandy S. Candles;

200 lbs Camphor Water;

100 dozen Butter Buckets;

150 packages Assorted Green and Black Tea;

Just received and for sale by

J. B. SIMPSON, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

SAUNDRIES.

15 BRLMS PRIME RICE;

